MODEL TEST PAPER 8

INTERMEDIATE COURSE: GROUP - I

PAPER - 2: CORPORATE AND OTHER LAWS

Time Allowed - 3 Hours

Maximum Marks - 100

- 1. The question paper comprises two parts, Part I and Part II.
- 2. Part I comprises Case Scenario based Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs)
- 3. Part II comprises questions which require descriptive type answers.

PART I – Case Scenario based MCQs (30 Marks) Part I is compulsory

Case Scenario 1

ABC Publications Limited accepted deposits from the public to the tune of ₹ 70 Lakh on 1st May 2021, for a period of 36 months at an interest rate of 10% per annum. The repayment would be made on 30th April, 2024. It has complied with all the statutory requirements for the acceptance of deposits by a Public Limited Company.

One of the depositors Mr. Y was in urgent need of money as his son wanted to pursue his higher education abroad. His total deposit with ABC Publications Limited was ₹10 lakh. On 1st June 2022, he sent his request to the company asking for premature repayment of his deposit along with interest.

Another depositor, Mr. U had deposited ₹ 6 lakh in his name. On 18th September 2022, he sent an application to the company to change the name on his deposit and make it a joint holding in the names of himself, his wife and two children. The company is contemplating the requests received from its depositors.

In addition to the deposits received form the public, the company had also raised funds by amount received from a Public Sector Bank, by issue of bonds and debentures and amounts against issue of commercial papers which were issued according to the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India.

On the basis of the given facts, and by applying the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules therein, choose the correct answer of the following Questions: (MCQs 1-3 of 2 marks each)

- 1. Advise ABC Publications Limited regarding the amount and the interest that can be repaid to Mr. Y:
 - (a) The company cannot make premature repayment of the deposits.
 - (b) The company can prematurely repay the deposit along with interest @ 10% for a period of 13 months (1st May 2021 to 31th May 2022)
 - (c) The company can prematurely repay the deposit along with interest @ 9% for a period of 13 months (1st May 2021 to 31st May 2022)
 - (d) The company can prematurely repay the deposit along with interest @ 9% for a period of 11 months (1st May 2021 to 31st March 2022)

- 2. Advise ABC Publications Limited regarding the request of Mr. U:
 - (a) Mr. U cannot change his deposit to joint holding.
 - (b) The deposits can be held jointly only by Mr. U and his wife.
 - (c) The deposits can be held jointly by Mr. U, his wife and two children.
 - (d) The deposits can be held jointly by Mr. U and any two members only.
- 3. The Banker of ABC Publications Limited wanted a list of deposits accepted by the company. Advise the company on what among the following constitute deposit:
 - (a) Amount raised through bonds and debentures
 - (b) Any non-interest bearing amount received and held in trust
 - (c) Amount received from Public
 - (d) Amount raised through the issue of commercial paper as per the Reserve Bank of India guidelines and amount raised through bonds and debentures

Case Scenario 2

Combat Gaming Limited is a company incorporated outside India with a place of business in Rajasthan. To improve its gaming software, the company wanted to apply Artificial Intelligence technology. In order to raise more funds to meet out the investment cost, the company decided to issue shares. It issued prospectus of the company which was properly dated and signed according to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and delivered them to the Registrar of Companies on 16th August 2023. The Registrar on verification of the documents found that the particulars in the prospectus was incomplete and issued a notice to the company saying that the prospectus is invalid. Hence, the directors scrutinized the documents and during the scrutiny it was observed by the CFO that there was a mistake in one of the documents delivered to the Registrar and hence altered that on 29th September 2023. Analyse, based on the above scenario and answer the following Questions: (MCQs 4-6 of 2 marks each)

- 4. According to the Companies (Registration of Foreign Companies) Rules, 2014, of the Companies Act, 2013, which of the following documents shall not be annexed to the prospectus?
 - (a) Any consent to the issue of the prospectus required from any person as an expert;
 - (b) Statement of preliminary expenses;
 - (c) A copy of contracts for appointment of Managing Director or Manager and in case of a contract not reduced into writing, a memorandum giving full particulars thereof
 - (d) A copy of underwriting agreement
- 5. Combat Gaming Limited has made alteration in documents delivered to the Registrar, they shall intimate to Registrar of Companies by
 - (a) 29th October

- (b) 13th November
- (c) 28th November
- (d) 9th October
- 6. Combat Gaming Limited has to deliver the required documents along with the appropriate fees to:
 - (a) The Registrar of Companies, Rajasthan
 - (b) The Comptroller and Auditor General Office, New Delhi
 - (c) The Registrar of Companies. New Delhi
 - (d) The Company Law Board, New Delhi

Case Scenario 3

Mr. S is a well experienced technocrat in the field of manufacturing of computer hard discs and motherboard. He resigned from his job and wished to form a Limited Liability Partnership (LLP) with the object of manufacturing and trading of computer hardware. He wanted to include his close friends Mr. A, Mr. B, and Mr. C who are very familiar in the same field and worked in the foreign companies also.

All three friends had accepted the invitation of Mr. S to be partners of the LLP. Mr. S wanted to ensure whether all the three friends are resident of India and requested them to provide the details of their stay in India. During the previous financial year, Mr. A has stayed in India for a period of 170 days, Mr. B stayed in India for 110 days and Mr. C stayed in India for 100 days. All the partners had given their consent to act as designated partners. He applied for the reservation of desired name to the Registrar and also paid the prescribed fees.

Based on the above facts, answer the following Questions: (MCQs 7-9 of 2 marks each)

- 7. The name applied for has been approved by the Registrar. The approved name of LLP shall be valid for a period of _____ from the date of intimation by the Registrar.
 - (a) 2 months
 - (b) 1 month
 - (c) 3 months
 - (d) 6 months
- 8. Which of the following combinations of partners, if appointed as designated partners, will not be in accordance with the provisions laid down by Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008?
 - (a) Mr. A, Mr. B and Mr. C
 - (b) Mr. B and Mr. C
 - (c) Mr. A and Mr. C
 - (d) Mr. A and Mr. B

- 9. In how many days, a Limited Liability Partnership shall file with the Registrar, the particulars of every individual who has given his consent to act as designated partner?
 - (a) Within thirty days of incorporation of LLP
 - (b) Within thirty days of his appointment
 - (c) After forty five days of incorporation of LLP
 - (d) After sixty days of his appointment

Case Scenario 4

Progressive Management College have introduced a Global Management Diploma Course which is of 12 months duration. Out of 12 months, 11 months studies are held in India and rest of 1 month is earmarked for foreign tour. Rudra Pratap is the Principal of the college. After taking requisite permission from the competent Ministry, the cultural tour programme was chalked out and the team visited Malaysia, Singapore, Australia and New Zealand.

Rudra Pratap's daughter Payal got admission in a medical college situated in California, United States of America. For fee and other expenses, Payal needs USD 2,25,000. Rudra Pratap contacted his banker to know the procedure for availing of foreign exchange and the authority to whom he shall apply. His banker properly guided all the relevant procedures for availing of the foreign exchange.

Rudra Pratap's brother Sourya Pratap went to UK some years ago, where he joined a company in managerial position. He intermittently visits to India and maintains a Non-Resident Special Rupee Scheme Account (NRSR) in Mumbai. He wanted to make remittance of interest earned in the NRSR Account and asked his bankers for the required formalities.

Based on the above facts, answer the following Questions: (MCQs 10-12 of 2 marks each).

- 10. For the purpose of cultural tours, approval of which Ministry is required to be obtained?
 - (a) Ministry of Human Resources Development
 - (b) Ministry of External Affairs
 - (c) Ministry of Home Affairs
 - (d) Ministry of Commerce and Industry
- 11. For availing foreign exchange for studying abroad, which of the following option is correct:
 - (a) The transaction of withdrawal of foreign exchange of USD 2,25,000 for studying abroad is prohibited.
 - (b) The transaction of withdrawal of foreign exchange of USD 2,25,000 for studying abroad requires prior approval of Government of India.
 - (c) The transaction of withdrawal of foreign exchange of USD 2,25,000 for studying abroad requires prior approval of RBI.
 - (d) The transaction of withdrawal of foreign exchange of USD 2,25,000 for studying abroad do not require prior approval of RBI.

- 12. The remittance of foreign exchange for arranging of cultural tour for the students is an example of:
 - (a) Capital Account Transactions
 - (b) Current Account Transactions
 - (c) Hybrid Transactions
 - (d) Amortised Transactions
- 13. Super Brain Coaching Limited was engaged in offline coaching of students for various competitive examinations. It was one of the pioneer in its field. It suffered losses due to various social and government restrictions imposed on study centers. On account of this, it defaulted in the repayment of term loan for the first two quarters of the financial year 2023-24. However, Super Brain Coaching Limited adapted itself to the changing circumstances and shifted to online mode of coaching and revived its financial conditions. On 31st December 2023, it cleared all the dues and regularized the term loan. Super Brain Coaching Limited wants to issue equity shares with differential rights. When can the issue be made?
 - (a) On or after January 1st 2029
 - (b) On or after April 1st 2029
 - (c) On or after April 1st 2027
 - (d) On or after January 1st 2027

(2 Marks)

14. An Act has been passed by the government and though sufficient time has elapsed since the Act was passed, it has not been brought into force by the Government.

Which of the following is correct in the light of the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897?

- (a) The court can issue a mandamus with a view to compel the government to bring the Act into operation on a particular day.
- (b) The court can through a writ direct the Government to consider the question as to when the Act should begin to operate.
- (c) The court can publish a date in Official Gazette as an effective date for enforcement of the Act.
- (d) The court cannot direct the government to consider the question as to when Act should begin to operate. (2 Marks)
- 15. With reference to the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897, in all Legislations and Regulations, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, words importing the masculine gender shall be taken:
 - (a) To exclude female
 - (b) To exclude boy child
 - (C) To exclude girl child
 - (d) To include females

(2 Marks)

PART - II Descriptive Questions

Question No.1 is compulsory.

Attempt any four questions from the remaining five questions.

(70 Marks)

- 1. (a) SAB Health Products Limited issued equity shares worth ₹ 5,00,00,000 (5,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 100 each) and it was fully subscribed and partly paid at ₹ 50 each. The company made a call to all its subscribers to pay a sum of ₹ 30 for each share held by them. Mr. GH, a subscriber to the shares of a company, holding 10,000 shares, paid all the money due on the shares held by him in advance. Later, Mr. GH claimed interest on the money advanced by him and also dividend in respect of the advance money paid. Is his claim justified? Another shareholder Mr. LK holding 15,000 shares did not pay the first call. So, the directors called upon him to pay the entire amount due by him in respect of the shares held by him. Referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and Rules made there under, examine whether the directors of SAB Health Products Limited permitted to do so? (5 Marks)
 - (b) (i) Right Trading Limited is a company engaged in trading of automobile spare parts. During the current financial year 2024-25, Mr. J the CFO retired due to bad health. The company appointed Mr. C as the new CFO. On verification of the financial statements and statutory returns of the company, Mr. C advised the Board of Right Trading Limited to revise the financial statements for the year 2021-22.
 - Examine, with reference to the applicable provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, whether M/s Right Trading Limited can do so?

 (3 Marks)
 - (ii) M/s DEF is conducting the audit of Right Trading Limited for the past 9 years. Now due to the requirement of rotation of auditors, M/s DEF is going to retire at the upcoming Annual General Meeting and in its place M/s XYZ will be appointed as the Auditor of Right Trading Limited. One of the partner Mr. F, who was in charge of the certification of the financial statements of the company retired from the firm of M/s DEF and joined the firm of M/s XYZ.
 - Examine, considering the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 about the validity of the appointment of M/s XYZ. (2 Marks)
 - (c) Ms. Rose was an Indian citizen who got a job in a software company in USA. She went to USA and stayed there for 12 years. During her stay, she purchased a house in USA for her residence. Then due to some personal issues she moved back to India and joined a software company in India. As she had moved back to India, she let out her house in USA and deposited the rent in her account in USA. Out of that amount, she purchased another house in USA.

Based on the above facts, answer the following referring to the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999.

- (i) Whether Ms. Rose can purchase the house in USA and continue to retain it even after returning to India?
- (ii) Whether Ms. Rose can purchase another house in USA after returning to India? (4 Marks)
- 2. (a) Stuti Ceramic Pvt. Ltd. (SCPL) manufactures crockery items which are predominantly used only by the domestic household customers. Now the company wants to expand its area of operation to manufacture all types of crockery items and cutlery for the use of big hotels. For this expansion plan, the company needs funds of around ₹ 500 lakh. The company does not want to convert itself from private company to public company since the promoters do not want to dilute their equity stake otherwise the public company have the option to raise the funds through public issue. The company explored the other avenue of raising funds by issue of right shares to the existing shareholders, however only ₹ 100 lakh could be generated. The banks and financial institutions are also reluctant to increase their exposure in the company.

Referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, advise the SCPL, whether the company can raise further funds through private placement issue. If so, are there any limit for fresh offer and time limit of allotment of securities? (5 Marks)

- (b) Dolls Toys Limited is having a net- worth of ₹ 310 crore, paid up share capital of ₹ 200 crore, free reserves and security premium of ₹ 110 crore and turnover of ₹ 300 crore. Dolls Toys Limited wants to accept deposits form public other than its members.
 - (i) Referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, state whether Dolls Toys Limited is permitted to accept the deposits from public other than its members.
 - (ii) It is further mentioned that Dolls Toys Limited is in urgent need of funds as one of its contract is on the verge of completion and it is promising to repay the deposits within a period of four months. Is Dolls Toys Limited permitted to accept deposits with repayment period of 4 months?

 (5 Marks)
- (c) Referring to the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897, answer the following questions:
 - (i) Whenever a new law is enacted by the Government of India, what shall be its date of coming into force?
 - (ii) Whenever a new law is enacted to replace the existing law, it repeals the old enactment. Describe the points which shall not have any effect of repeal of the old enactment. (4 Marks)
- 3. (a) The paid up share capital of Star Furnishing Limited is ₹ 1,00,00,000 divided into 10,00,000 equity shares of ₹ 10 each as at 31st March, 2024. Out of this, Home Decor Limited is holding 6,00,000 equity shares and the remaining equity shares of 4,00,000 held by others.

Simultaneously, Star Furnishing Limited is holding 7% equity shares of Home Decor Limited out of which 2% equity shares are held as a legal representative of a deceased member of Home Decor Limited. On the basis of the given information, examine and answer the following queries with reference to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013:

- (i) Can Star Furnishing Limited make further investment in equity shares of Home Decor Limited during 2024-25?
- (ii) Can Star Furnishing Limited exercise voting rights at the Annual General Meeting of Home Decor Limited? (5 Marks)
- (b) Naveen Tools Ltd (NTL) mortgaged its factory land and building (by equitable mortgage) on 1st March, 2023 to Goodwill Bank and availed a credit limit of ₹ 200 lakh. Although the credit limit was sanctioned by the Bank, but the NTL actually availed such credit facility only in the month of August, 2023, when it issued a cheque in favour of a creditor towards the payment of raw material purchased from it.

During the course of statutory audit, the auditor pointed out before the management of the NTL about the non-compliance of registration of charge with the Registrar within the stipulated time. The company officials informed that although the mortgaged backed credit limit was sanctioned in March 2023, but the company had not availed the facility till the month of August, 2023.

So, the liability of registration of charge arises from the date of availment only when the company issued a cheque from the mortgaged backed credit limit account and not when the loan was sanctioned and credit limit was assigned.

Further, the company management pleaded that it is the responsibility of the financier i.e. Goodwill Bank to get the charges registered with the Registrar since the registration of charge is to be effected in favour of the Bank and for Bank's own benefit, so the NTL is in no way responsible for getting registration or for delayed registration.

In the light of above facts, referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, discuss:

- (i) When trigger point for the registration of charge shall arise,
 - (a) at the time of credit limit sanctioned by the Bank; or
 - (b) at the time of availing of credit limit when cheque was issued by the company?
- (ii) What are the consequences for non-registration of charge on the Naveen Tools Ltd? (5 Marks)
- (c) Explain the rule which suggests that the 'Plain word requires no explanation' and 'Technical words be understood in technical sense only'.

 (4 Marks)
- 4. (a) XYZ Limited is a company having a paid up equity share capital of ₹ 75 crore. Though it was performing well in the recent years it suffered losses in the first and second quarter of the financial year 2023-2024.

In order to sustain its image, the Board of Directors declared an interim dividend at the rate of 30 percent on the paid-up equity share capital on 4/10/2023. The following are the additional information extracted from the books of account for the past 5 Financial Years:

Financial year ending 31st March	Rate of Dividend declared
2019	20%
2020	15%
2021	15%
2022	15%
2023	30%

Examining the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, decide the validity of the Board's declaration of 30% interim dividend. (5 Marks)

- (b) M/s Strong Steels Limited Liability Partnership firm was incorporated on 01st April 2010 with ten partners. The LLP had very good business and made considerable profits during the past years. Recently due to obsolete practices, M/s Strong Steels Limited LLP started making loss. Also, M/s Strong Steels LLP did not file its annual returns from 2020-21. Three partners decided that the LLP be wound up by the Tribunal. The remaining partners objected to it. Referring to section 64 of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008, can the Tribunal pass an order to wound up M/s Strong Steels LLP? Also state the provisions and penalty for not filling annual return with the Registrar. (5 Marks)
- (c) (i) What is the purpose of inclusion of 'definitions' of certain words and expressions in the body of any statute?
 - (ii) The definition sometimes includes the words 'mean', 'include', 'means and include' and 'to apply to and include'. What is the meaning of such words?

 (4 Marks)
- 5. (a) Sanjana joined a company named as Designers Cloths Ltd. as an Independent Director. In order to know more about the company, she wanted to inspect the books of account and minutes books of the Board Meetings held during the previous three years.

The company is keeping the books of account and other records at its Registered Office, which is at Mumbai whereas Sanjana resides in Kolkata. Therefore, through power of attorney, Sanjana authorised her friend Avantika, who is a Chartered Accountant and does practice in Mumbai, to make an inspection of the books of accounts and minutes books of the meetings of the Board.

Giving the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and its Rules made thereunder, examine, whether Avantika can make inspection on behalf of Sanjana. (5 Marks)

(b) A, B, C and D are the partners of Alpha LLP and have equal share in the profits and losses of the LLP. A has made an agreement to transfer 70% of his share in the profits of Alpha LLP to his daughter X.

X wanted to access information about the trading transactions of Alpha LLP claiming that she is entitled to the information as she receives a percentage of profits from the LLP. The partners refused to grant her access. Does X have any remedy against the denial according to the provisions of the Limited Liability Partnership Act, 2008? Are the partners correct in denying access to X? (5 Marks)

- (c) (i) In a contract of sale, Mr. A fraudulently sold certain unmarketable goods to Mr. B. Now Mr. A is liable for the fraudulent activity under both the Indian Contract Act, 1872 and the Sale of Goods Act, 1930. State the provision as per the General Clauses Act, 1897 as to whether his offence is punishable under the both the Acts?
 - (ii) Mr. P bought a car from Mr. G who was his friend. Mr. P did not check the car or test drive it. Whether the purchase made could be said to be made in good faith? Explain with reference to the provisions of the General Clauses Act, 1897. (4 Marks)
- 6. (a) Silk Textile Limited is a company which is incorporated in India. It holds two subsidiaries- Print Limited (in which it holds 80% of shares) and Stitch Limited (a wholly owned subsidiary). Both the subsidiaries are incorporated outside India. The Board of Directors of Silk Textile Limited intends to call an Extraordinary General Meeting (EGM) of Silk Textile Limited. During the same time, the Board of Print Limited also wanted to hold an EGM on urgent basis at Dubai. The Chairman with the consent of his Board wanted to hold the EGM of Silk Textile Limited at Dubai so that he can attend both the EGM. But the Company Secretary advised the Chairman that he cannot hold the EGM outside India.

Referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, advise the Board of Directors on the following:

- (i) Whether the Board of Silk Textile Limited can hold its EGM at Dubai?
- (ii) Whether the EGM of Print Limited can be held at Dubai? (5 Marks)

OR

(a) Creative Textiles Ltd. is an unlisted public company. The company's paid-up share capital is ₹ 50 lakh consisting of 5 lakh shares having face value of ₹ 10 each.

Raman is having 50,000 shares in the company. He is not happy with Somnath, who is a director in the company. He believed that Somnath is acting against the interest of the company. Raman wanted to remove Somnath from the directorship. Removal of a person from the directorship requires the approval of the shareholders in the general meeting. The Annual General Meeting (AGM) of the company has recently been concluded and the next AGM will be held in the next year. Considering the case and referring to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, advise:

- (i) Can Raman as an individual shareholder make a requisition to the company for calling of the Extra-ordinary General Meeting for putting such resolution?
- (ii) If the company does not call the EGM on the requisition of Raman, whether Raman can himself call the EGM? (5 Marks)
- (b) Beauty Cosmetics, a company incorporated in Korea has established its branch office in Chennai for conducting its business in India. The structure of paid-up share capital of Beauty Cosmetics as at 31st March 2024 is as below:

The company does not have any Preference Share Capital.

Equity share capital held by Mr. L, an Indian citizen: 10%

Equity share capital held by Mr. R, an Indian Citizen: 20%

Equity share capital held by Fairness Cosmetics Limited, an Indian company: 20%

You being a Chartered Accountant are asked to explain with reference to the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013:

- (i) Whether Beauty Cosmetics shall be deemed to be a Foreign Company or an Indian Company for the business carried on by it in India, and
- (ii) for the business carried on by it in India, will it be required to comply with the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 as if it is an Indian Company? (5 Marks)
- (c) Mitali Diamonds Limited is a company engaged in the business of cutting, polishing and trading of diamonds in and outside India. The company exports the diamonds to USA. For the last five financial years, the foreign exchange earned by the company in exporting diamonds is as under:

FY 2023-24	USD 1,25,000
FY 2022-23	USD 1,10,000
FY 2021-22	USD 95,000
FY 2020-21	USD 98,000
FY 2019-20	USD 93,000

The company wants to give donation of USD 10,000 to an institution situated in USA which provides technical support and training in the field of cutting and polishing of raw diamonds. This will help the company in guiding its own employees, posted in USA to get the requisite training.

Referring to the provisions of the Foreign Exchange Management Act, 1999, state whether the company can give donation to such institution in USA?

(4 Marks)